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- 1. Series-parallel combination:** Assemble the circuit in figure 2-1 with the component values shown in table 2-1. Use $V_s=10V$. Take measurements to complete the entries corresponding to the experimental values.

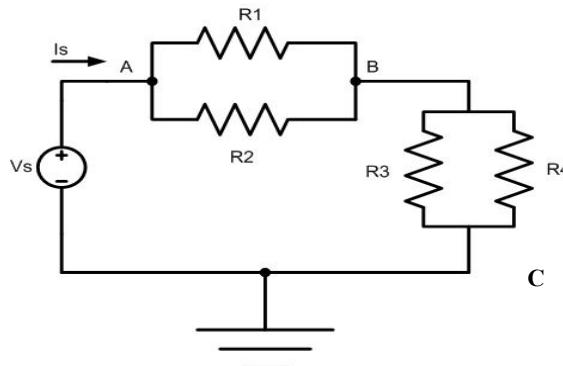


Fig 2-1: Series-parallel combination.

Parameter	Unit	Theor	Exper	%Error	Param	Unit	Theor	Exper	%Error
R_1	$K\Omega$	1.5	1.46	2.67%	I_{R1}	mA	1.75	1.682	3.88%
R_2		2.2	2.15	2.27%	I_{R2}		1.19	1.147	3.61%
R_3		3.9	3.84	1.54%	I_{R3}		1.96	1.917	2.19%
R_4		8.2	8.15	0.61%	I_{R4}		0.93	0.911	2.04%
R_{a-c}		3.4795	3.48	0.014%	I_s		2.87	2.829	1.43%
V_{ab}	V	2.49	2.52	1.2%	V_{bc}	V	7.5	7.48	0.267%

Table 2-1: Resistors in series-parallel combination

$$R_{(eq)} = \frac{R_1 * R_2}{R_1 + R_2} + \frac{R_3 * R_4}{R_3 + R_4} = \frac{3.139}{3.61} + \frac{31.296}{11.99} = 0.8695 + 2.610 = 3.4795 K\Omega$$

$$R_{(eq1)} = \frac{R_1 * R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{3.139}{3.61} = 0.8695 K\Omega$$

$$R_{(eq2)} = \frac{R_3 * R_4}{R_3 + R_4} = \frac{31.296}{11.99} = 2.610 K\Omega$$

$$V_{(ac)} = \frac{Vs * R_{(eq1)}}{R_{(eq)}} = \frac{10 * 0.8695}{3.4795} = 2.49 V$$

$$V_{(bc)} = \frac{Vs * R_{(eq2)}}{R_{(eq)}} = \frac{10 * 2.610}{3.4795} = 7.5 V$$

$$I_s = \frac{Vs}{R_{(eq)}} = \frac{10}{3.48} = 2.87 mA$$

$$I(R1) = \frac{I_s * R2}{R1 + R2} = \frac{2.87 * 2.2}{3.61} = 1.75 mA$$

$$I(R2) = \frac{I_s * R1}{R1 + R2} = 1.19 mA$$

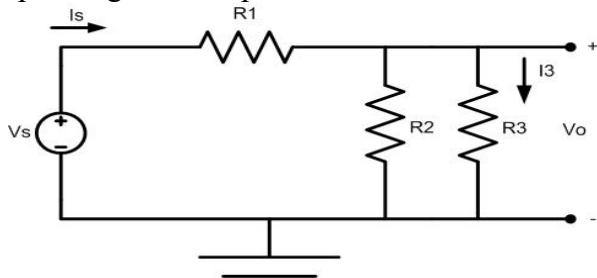
$$I(R3) = \frac{I_s * R4}{R4 + R3} = \frac{2.87 * 8.2}{11.99} = 1.96 mA$$

$$I(R4) = \frac{I_s * R3}{R14 + R3} = \frac{2.87 * 3.9}{11.99} = 0.93 mA$$

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2. **Voltage and Current divider:** Assemble the circuit in Fig 2-4 with the component values shown in table 2-2. Take measurements to complete the entries corresponding to the experimental values.



Fig(2-2): Voltage and Current divider

Parameter	R_1	R_2	R_3	V_s	V_o	I_s	I_1	I_2	Req
Units	KΩ			V		mA			KΩ
Theoretical	2.2	1.5	3.9	10	3.29	3.05	3.05	2.2	3.28
Experimental	2.15	1.46	3.84	10	3.299	3.046	3.046	2.2	3.28
%Error	2.27%	2.67%	1.54%	0%	0.27%	0.13%	0.13%	0%	0%

Table 2-2: Voltage and current divider

$$R(eq) = \frac{R2 * R3}{R2 + R3} + R1 = \frac{1.5 * 3.9}{1.5 + 3.9} + 2.2 = 1.08 + 2.2 = 3.28 \text{ KΩ}$$

$$V_o = V3 = V2 = \frac{R(eq2 - 3)}{R1 + R(eq2 - 3)} * V_s = \frac{1.08}{3.28} * 10 = 3.29 \text{ V}$$

$$I_s = I1 = \frac{V_s}{R(eq)} = \frac{10}{3.28} = 3.05 \text{ mA}$$

$$I2 = I_s * \frac{R3}{R2 + R3} = 3.05 * \frac{3.9}{5.4} = 3.05 * 0.72 = 2.2 \text{ mA}$$

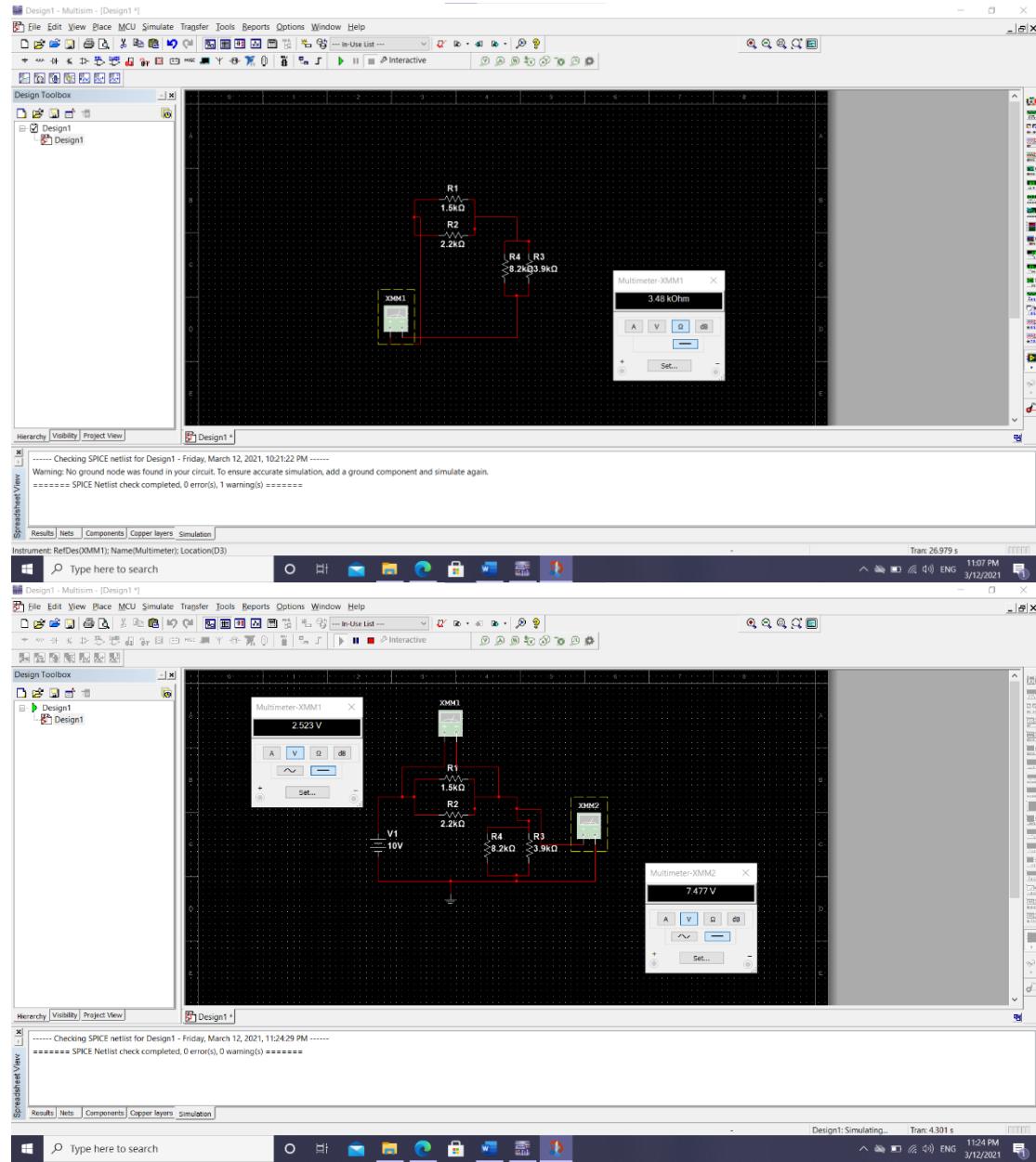
Electrical Circuit Lab

Exp2: Measurements on DC Circuits

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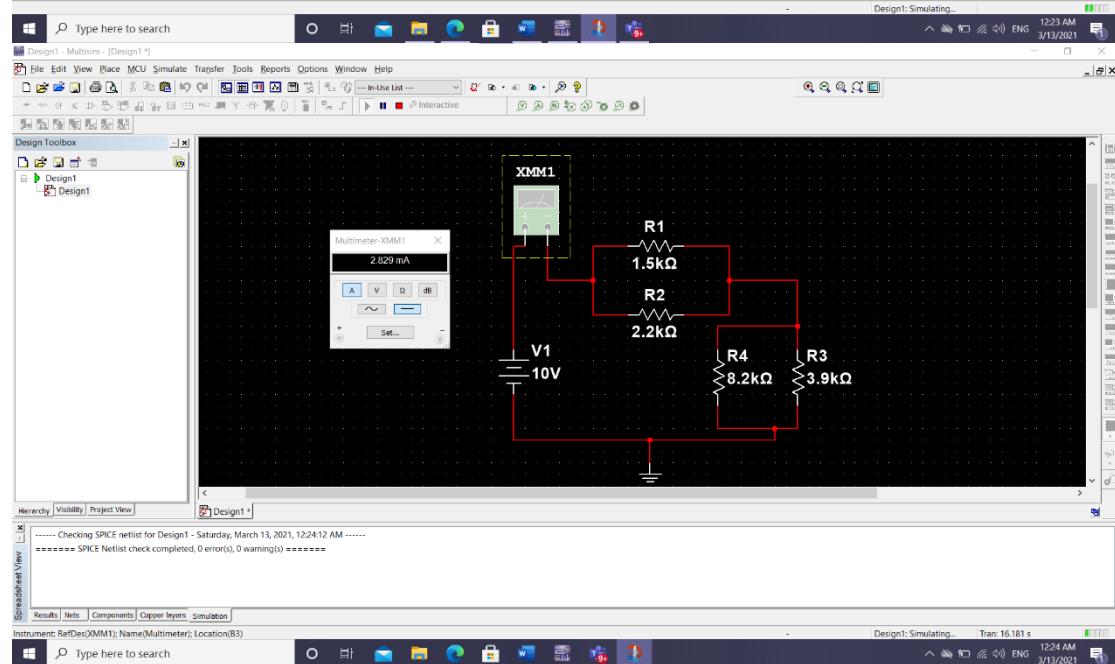
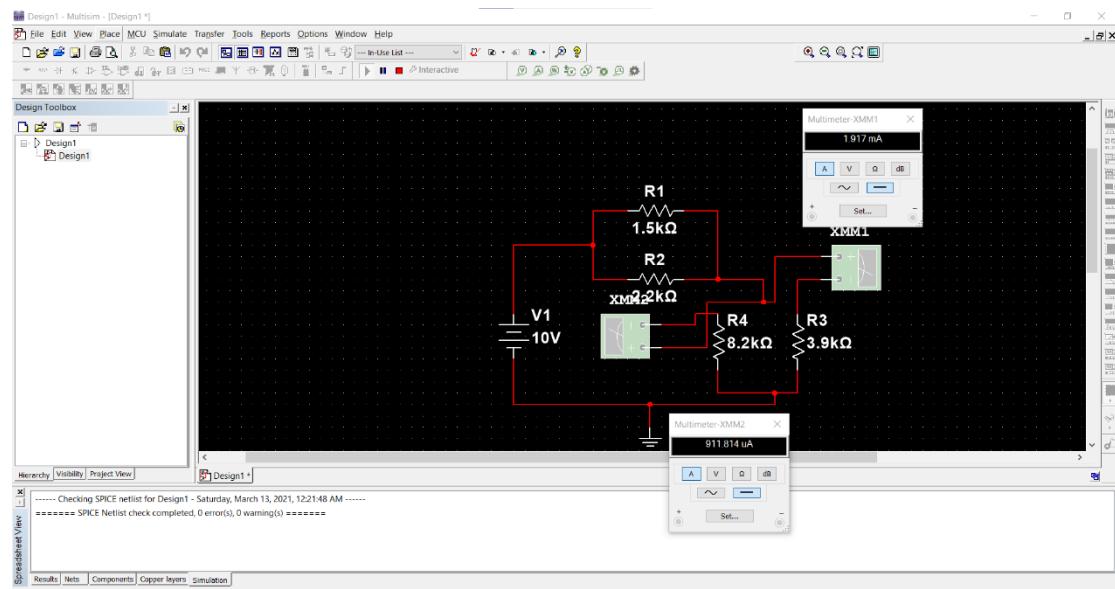


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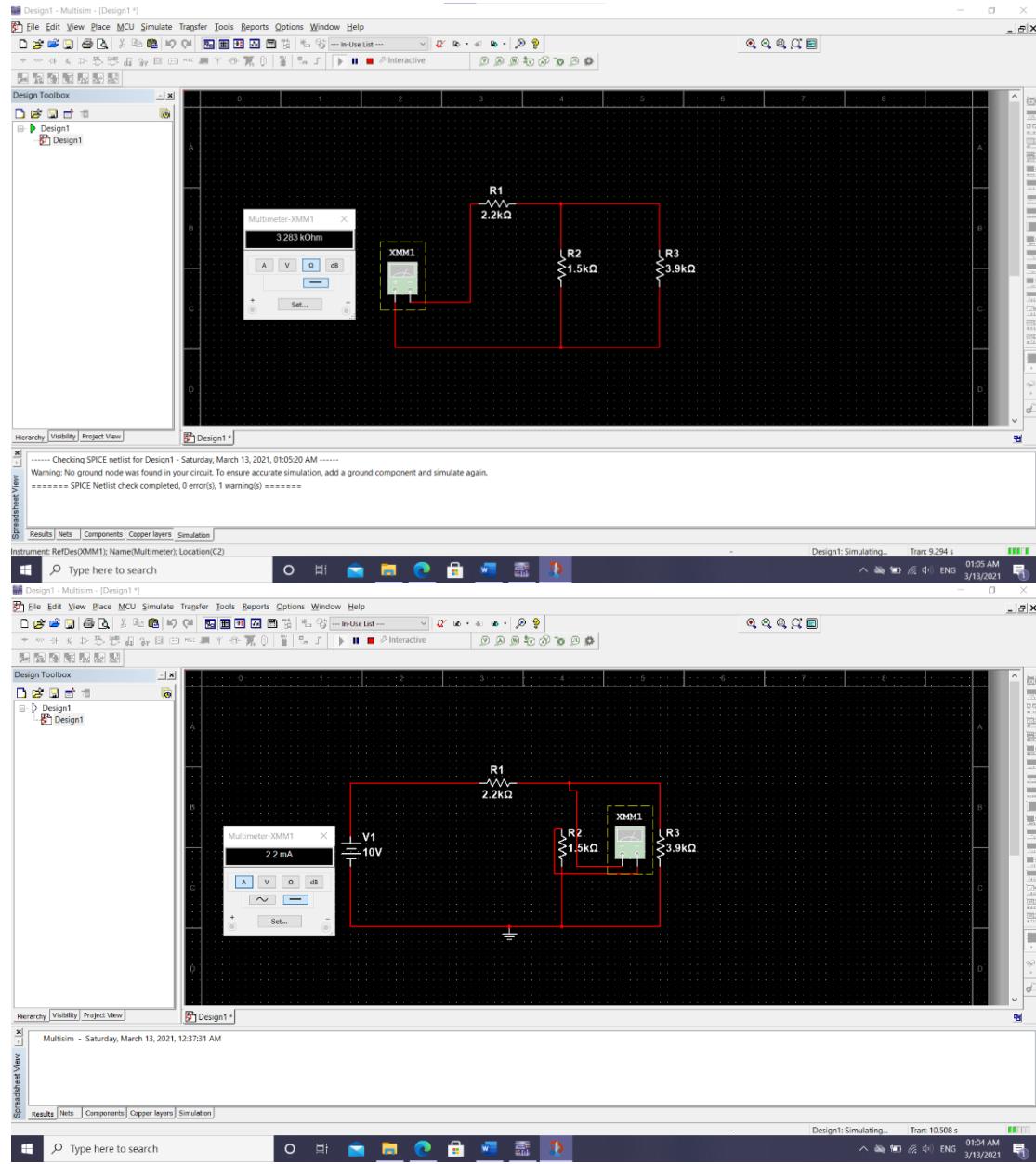
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Second CCT:-



Electrical Circuit Lab

Exp2: Measurements on DC Circuits

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